

State Secretary Udo Philipp  
Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Climate Action (BMWK)  
Scharnhorststraße 34-37  
10115 Berlin  
Germany

29 September 2022

Dear State Secretary Udo Philipp,

At the global climate conference in Glasgow last year, alongside 38 countries and institutions including all Export Finance for Future (E3F) members, you signed a commitment to end international public finance for fossil fuels by the end of 2022.<sup>1</sup> We, the undersigned civil society organizations (CSOs) congratulate you on this important step. With just three months left till the agreed end of 2022 deadline, we are awaiting your updated policies or guidelines that turn your COP26 pledge into action. As Chair of the upcoming E3F Summit on 3 November, you have an important opportunity to, together with fellow E3F members, reaffirm your Glasgow commitment and present your updated policies and or guidelines. This way you can provide an important contribution to building momentum towards COP27, setting an example for implementation that can be followed by fellow Glasgow Statement signatories.

The E3F coalition's central objective is to "align export finance with climate objectives"<sup>2</sup> and "accelerate the progressive phasing out of fossil fuel related projects".<sup>3</sup> All ten E3F member countries concretized this commitment when they signed onto the Glasgow Statement on International Public Support for the Clean Energy Transition, which includes an end of 2022 deadline for ending fossil fuel support.<sup>4</sup> In our view, this should also mean that fossil-fuel exclusion policies are made a prerequisite for existing and new E3F members. If all E3F members, fellow Glasgow Statement signatories and the G7 follow through on this commitment, they can shift \$39 billion a year out of fossil fuels and into clean energy.<sup>5</sup> With devastating climate impacts witnessed this year alone from the Horn of Africa to Pakistan, there is no time left to lose on delayed implementation.

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<sup>1</sup> *Statement for International Public Support for the Clean Energy Transition* (2021) [hereinafter Glasgow Statement] Available at:

<https://ukcop26.org/statement-on-international-public-support-for-the-clean-energy-transition/>

<sup>2</sup> French Ministry for the Economy (2021) "Seven countries launch international coalition "Export Finance for Future" (E3F) to align export finance with climate objectives" Available at:

<https://www.tresor.economie.gouv.fr/Articles/2021/04/14/seven-countries-launch-international-coalition-export-finance-for-future-e3f-to-align-export-finance-with-climate-objectives>

<sup>3</sup> E3F (2022) "E3F Transparency Reporting" Available at:

<https://www.linkedin.com/company/export-finance-for-future-e3f/>

<sup>4</sup> Glasgow Statement (2021) available at:

<https://ukcop26.org/statement-on-international-public-support-for-the-clean-energy-transition/>

<sup>5</sup> IISD, Tearfund, Oil Change International (2022) "Turning Pledges into Action: How Glasgow Statement Signatories can meet their commitment to shift international public finance out of fossil fuels and into clean energy by the end of 2022" Available at:

<https://www.iisd.org/publications/report/turning-glasgow-statement-into-action>

This shift in public finance is especially important in the current turbulent political context and energy crisis. Fatih Birol, the head of the International Energy Agency has stated that: "a faster transition from fossil fuels towards clean energy represents the best way out of it."<sup>6</sup> New oil and gas infrastructure takes too long to build to provide a viable solution to reducing Russian fossil fuel imports. At the same time, research tells us that energy efficiency and renewable alternatives can rapidly replace Russian fossil fuel supply,<sup>7</sup> while eliminating the need for investments in new fossil fuel infrastructure in the European Union and elsewhere.<sup>8</sup>

E3F's role in the global transition to clean energy systems is vital, considering that export credit agencies are the largest public financiers of fossil fuels globally. G20 export credit agencies provided 11 times more support for fossil fuels (USD 40.1 billion a year) than for renewables (USD 3.5 billion) from 2018-2020, with Russia being the second largest recipient of G20 fossil fuel support during this period.<sup>9</sup> The science is clear that to meet a 1.5°C warming target by the end of the century, no new fossil fuels, including oil and gas fields, can be exploited,<sup>10</sup> and that existing fossil fuel infrastructure needs to be shut down before the end of their lifetime.<sup>11</sup>

The E3F countries are not yet on track to meet their COP26 commitment. Thus far only four E3F members (the United Kingdom, Sweden, Denmark, and Belgium) have presented updated policies or guidelines to follow through on their promise. E3F's recently published Transparency Report demonstrated that **Germany insured 1.25 times more in fossil fuels than renewables from 2015-2020, with 6 billion EUR in fossils compared to 5 billion EUR in renewables.**<sup>12</sup> This underlines the importance of Germany taking action immediately to meet the end of 2022 deadline and end this inconsistency with agreed climate goals. We count on Germany's leadership in implementing the Glasgow Statement commitments, not only for EulerHermes, but for KfW, too. Such leadership is vital for securing a clean energy future, mitigating the climate crisis, and keeping the goal of limiting the global temperature rise to 1.5°C degrees within reach.

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<sup>6</sup> Fatih Birol (2022) "Three myths about the global energy crisis" Fatih Birol (2022) Available at: [https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/three-myths-global-energy-crisis-fatih-birol/?utm\\_content=buffer4b6c2&utm\\_medium=social&utm\\_source=twitter.com&utm\\_campaign=buffer](https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/three-myths-global-energy-crisis-fatih-birol/?utm_content=buffer4b6c2&utm_medium=social&utm_source=twitter.com&utm_campaign=buffer)

<sup>7</sup> Ember, E3G, and RAP (2022) "EU can stop Russian gas imports by 2025" <https://ember-climate.org/insights/research/eu-can-stop-russian-gas-imports-by-2025/> and IEA (2022) "Renewable Energy Market Update Outlook for 2022 and 2023" Available at: <https://iea.blob.core.windows.net/assets/d6a7300d-7919-4136-b73a-3541c33f8bd7/RenewableEnergyMarketUpdate2022.pdf>

<sup>8</sup> Global Energy Monitor (2022) "EU Gas Tracker Report 2022" Available at: [https://globalenergymonitor.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/EUGasReport2022\\_final.pdf](https://globalenergymonitor.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/EUGasReport2022_final.pdf)

<sup>9</sup> Friends of the Earth US and OCI (2021) "Past Last Call: G20 public finance institutions are still bankrolling fossil fuels" Available at: <https://priceofoil.org/content/uploads/2021/10/Past-Last-Call-G20-Public-Finance-Report.pdf>

<sup>10</sup> International Energy Agency (2021) "Net Zero by 2050" <https://www.iea.org/reports/net-zero-by-2050>

<sup>11</sup> Kelly Trout *et al* (2022) "Existing fossil fuel extraction would warm the world beyond 1.5 °C" *Environ. Res. Lett.* Available at: <https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1748-9326/ac6228>

<sup>12</sup> E3F (2022) "E3F Transparency Report" Available at: <https://www.linkedin.com/feed/update/urn:li:activity:6942903793122463744>

As civil society organizations, we call on Germany, as this year's Chair and Summit Host of E3F, to ensure that the E3F members lead the way in Glasgow Statement implementation. E3F members should do this by collectively launching their policies to end public finance for fossil fuels at the E3F Summit, ahead of COP 27 and using their diplomatic capital to ensure fellow Glasgow Statement signatories follow suit.

Sincerely,

Nina Pušić, Oil Change International

Regine Richter, urgewald

David Ryfisch, Germanwatch

Gertrud Falk, FIAN Deutschland

Sascha Müller-Kraenner, Deutsche Umwelthilfe

Davide Maneschi, Swedwatch

Desmond D'Sa, South Durban Community Environmental Alliance

Gabriele Nanni, Legambiente Onlus Aps

Heike Drillisch, GegenStroemung - CounterCurrent

Isabelle Geuskens, Milieudéfensie/ Friends of the Earth Netherlands

Kate DeAngelis, Friends of the Earth United States

Khaled Gaiji, Les Amis de la Terre

Kenneth Nana Amoateng, Abibinsroma Foundation

Marius Troost, Both ENDS

Michael Reckordt, PowerShift e.V.

Richard Matey, Alliance for Empowering Rural Communities

Samuel Okulony, Environment Governance Institute

Simone Ogno, ReCommon

Thomas Küchenmeister, Facing Finance

Thilo Papacek, GegenStroemung – INFOE e. V.

Yuki Tanabe, Japan Center for a Sustainable Environment and Society (JACSES)